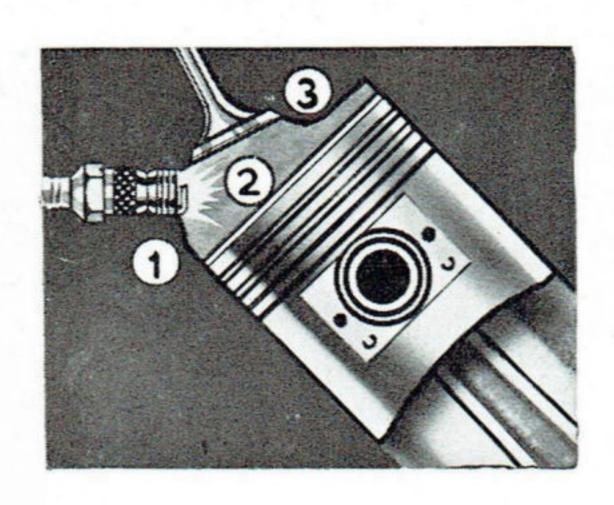
FORD OHIVE TRIPLE TRUCKS



Go-akead power with Ford's short stroke OHV V8 engine!



gives more positive and quicker cold weather starts, greater reserve capacity to handle lights and heavier electrical loads now in today's trucks.

2. 7.1:1 COMPRESSION RATIO for extra power from fuel puts more miles in every gallon of petrol.

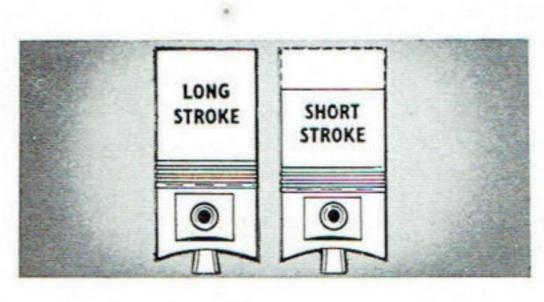
3. EASY BREATHING with larger intake passage and new, improved high-turbulence combustion chambers provide full power at high speeds, added pep and performance through the full range of speeds.

More Torque - more instantly useable power

at all operating speeds.

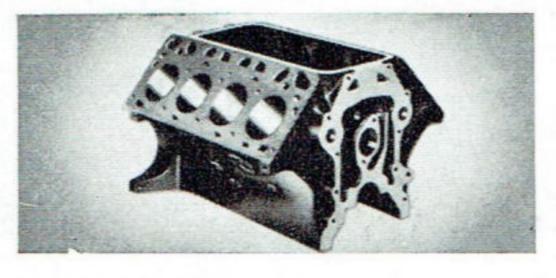
This is the most powerful and efficient V8 truck engine Ford has ever built. And Ford has built more V8 engines than all other makers combined. It develops more horsepower per cubic inch displacement, far higher, more sustained torque for tough work, long hauls, and easier cruising under all bad load conditions, and big power reserves to handle pay loads more easily and economically.

Other reasons why Ford's O.H.V. V8 engine gives you more power per pound are . . . 7.1:1 compression ratio suitable for both high and low octane fuels . . . 12-volt electrical system . . . short stroke piston design, iron-alloy camshaft . . . exceptionally rigid crankshaft . . . and many other advancements.

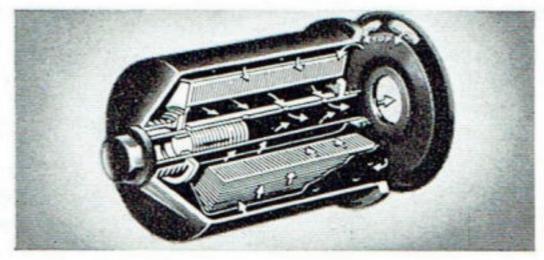


Short - stroke Low Friction

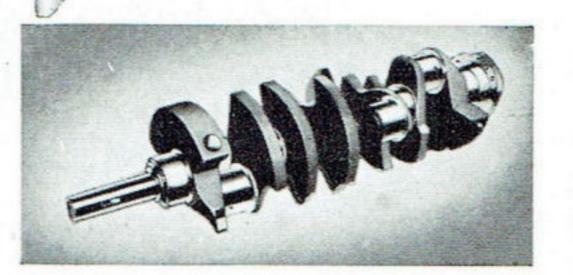
Design Piston travel is less than
bore diameter, this results in shorter
piston travel with less friction, less
wear on moving parts, longer
engine life.



Deep Y-Block with its great rigidity means longer life, and smoother operation. The Block structure widens out at rear for very rigid connection of the block and flywheel housing.



full flow Oil filter cleans ALL the engine oil before it reaches bearing surfaces, reducing cylinder wall and piston ring wear and thereby contributing to longer bearing life.

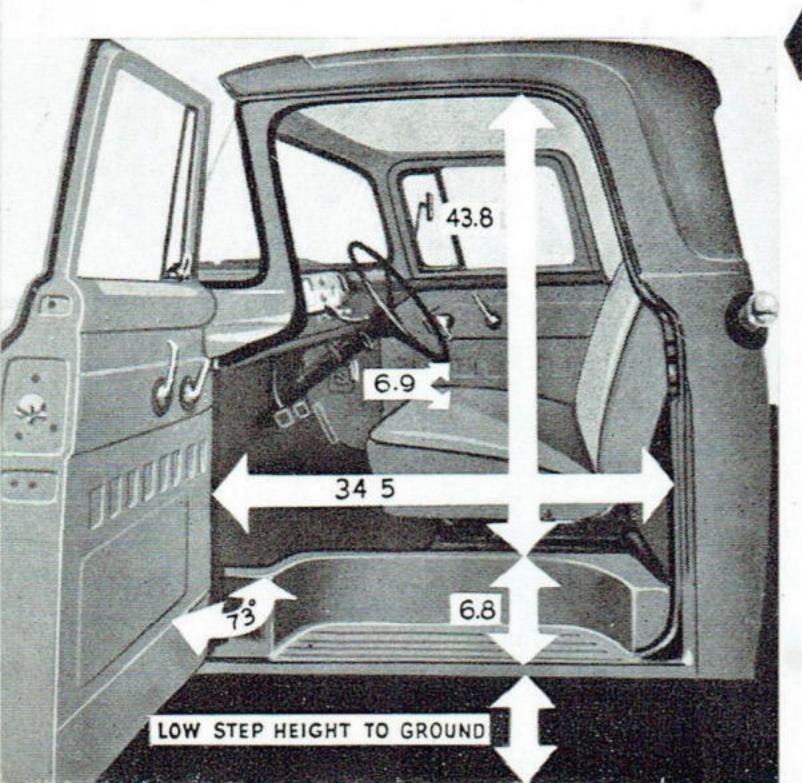


Exceptionally Rigid Crankshaft cast by an exclusive Ford method from a special iron-alloy, has 5 main bearings and eight integral counterweights for smoother operation and longer engine life.

Go-akead styling and comfort

New, boldly modern design with greater driver ease

and comfort Ford's new driverized cabs represent one of the most sweeping changes in cab design in trucking history. In every feature, from the sleek, lower, wider silhouette to the massive, over-1000 sq. inch windscreen, it provides the ultimate in comfort for 3 big men. New, suspended pedals are easier to operate, provide extra foot room, and eliminate floor holes through which dust and fumes enter. All controls are more conveniently placed. The seat is wider, deeply sprung and adjustable. Even positioning of driver and passengers further away from the stiffer loadcarrying rear suspension means more comfort, less driver-fatigue. Yes, even more than before, Ford's cab is the cab for truck comfort and practical design.

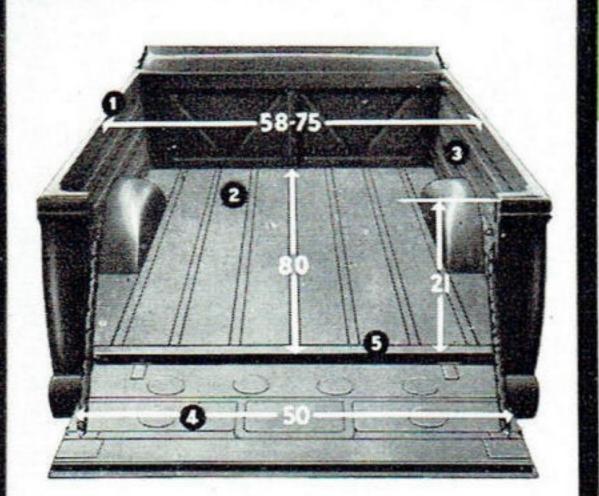


Look at the dimensions . . .

there's no squeeze in Ford's new cabevery feature is designed for roominess, comfort and for conserving the driver's energy. The doors open almost a full yard wide, the windscreen is over 1000 sq. ins. big, the new inboard step makes it easier to climb in and out of the cab and increases all-over cab strength.

Suspended pedals . . . new, "natural position" suspended clutch, brake and accelerator pedals eliminate holes in floor for a tighter sealed cab . . . the clutch is hydraulically assisted for easier operation . . . and full clearance is maintained between pedals and steering column.

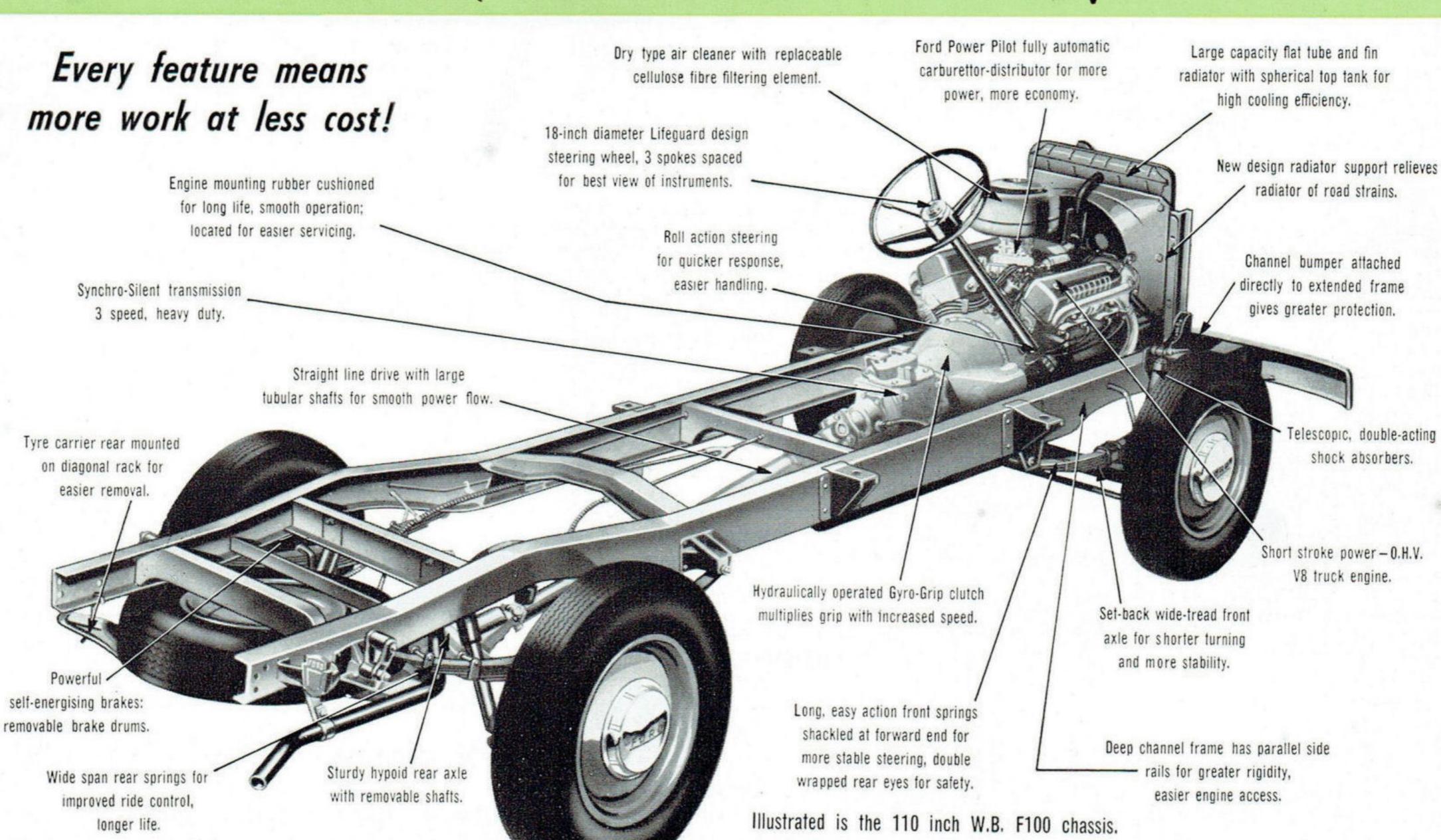




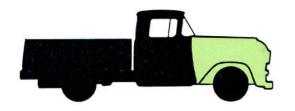
Hardest working and most practical loadspace in its field . . .

- 1. All steel body framing and panelling throughout ensure uniform strength and maximum rigidity for longer life.
- 2. Seasoned hardwood floor, bolted in between 7 longitudinal skid strips of wear-resisting steel.
- 3. Reinforced top edges and double side panelling provide extra rigidity to take weight in side loading and unloading.
- 4. All steel tail gate when lowered forms convenient loading platform flush with floor and its steel skid strips.
- 5. Utility space handles four-feetwide building material, is long enough for handling of the average door.

Go-ahead strength with Ford's husky chassis!

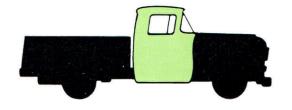


FORD $\frac{O.H.V.}{V8}$ TRUCK DESIGN IS RIGHT FOR TODAY . . . AND FOR YEARS AHEAD! FORD'S DESIGN IS MODERN . . . THROUGH AND THROUGH!



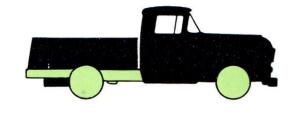
Go-ahead POWER

Always out front for power, Ford again gives you more usable and cost saving overhead valve V8 power . . . the most efficient and hardest working power in trucking today. And, with high torque development for more "thrust" at the wheels, and deep Y-block low friction design, you get longer engine life and lower maintenance costs. Ford's O.H.V. V8 truck engine is your Big Economy Item No. 1!



Go-ahead CAB DESIGN

Ford's big 3-man cab is the newest and most comfortable ever! And it's overall appearance puts it way out in front as a prestige builder for your business. Every feature has been scientifically tested to make driving operation the easiest and simplest in trucking. It's new design lessens driver fatigue, saves him time, and increases working capacity. And that's Big Economy Item No. 2.



Go-ahead CHASSIS strength

Ford's ability to haul big pay loads comes from Ford's new, more rugged chassis design. Ton-mile hauling costs are cut to a minimum! You'll find the right load-carrying capacity in the Ford range to suit **exactly** your needs. And chassis design provides too for practical, low-cost installation of any standard or specialised body-type you may require. Profitable pay load capacity is Big Economy Item No. 3!

AND YOUR PROFITS KEEP GOING AHEAD . . . FOR FORD TRUCKS COST LESS . . . LESS TO OWN . . . LESS TO RUN . . . AND LAST LONGER TOO!

ABRIDGED SPECIFICATIONS FOR FORD F 100 (G.V.W. 5,100 lbs.) TRUCK

AXLE, FRONT: Type—Modified 1-beam. Material—Heat-treated Alloy Steel Forging.

AXLE, REAR: Type—Hypoid, Semi-floating. Axle Shaft Diameter at Spline—1.24 in. **Axle Ratio**—3.89 to 1.

BRAKES, SERVICE: Type—Hydraulic, Two-shoe, Single Anchor, Self-energising. Front Brake (Drum Diam. x Lining Width-Thickness)—11 x 2-3/16 in. Rear Brake (Drum Diam. x Lining Width-Thickness)—11 x 13-3/16 in. Total Area—Drum 259 sq. in. Lining 178.64 sq. in. Drums—Type, Demountable. Material—Composite-Cast Iron Fused to Steel Back.

BRAKE, HAND: Cable with Equaliser applying Rear Wheels only.

BUMPER: Type—Curved, Truck-type Channel. **Mounting**—Bolted Direct to Front Frame Siderails.

CLUTCH: Type—Hydraulically operated Gyro-Grip, Semi-centrifugal Single Plate. Diameter—Outside, 11 ins. Total Frictional Area—123.7 sq. in. Cover Plate—Ventilated Type. Pressure Plate—Cast Iron. Clutch Disc—Cushioned Hub with Vibration Damper. Release Bearing—Sealed Ball, Pre-lubricated. Pilot Bearing—Oil-impregnated Bronze. Attach—

ment—Levers to Pressure Plate, Needle Roller Bearings.

COOLING SYSTEM: Total Capacity—21.6 qts. Radiator—Flat Tube and Fin-Pressure Cap. Thermostats—In Engine Water Outlet. Fan—Diameter, 18 in.; Blades, 4.

DRIVE LINE: Type—Hotchkiss, Straight-line Drive. **Universal Joints**—Number Two Type, Needle Roller Bearing.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM: Battery—Heavy Duty, 12-volt. Generator—30 amp. Ignition—Full Vacuum-controlled System; Fully Automatic Distributor; Metal Clad Coil; Open Wiring in Rubber Grommets. Headlights—Sealed Beam, Foot-switch Beam Control. Starter—High Torque, Automatic Engagement, Solenoid Switch, Ignition Switch Control. Parking Lights—Combination Stop and Tail Light; Instrument Lights; Ignition Switch with Key Lock.

ENGINE: O.H.V. Y-block. No. of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke— $8-3.62 \times 3.30$ in. Displacement—272 cu. in. Compression Ratio—7.1:1.

FRAME: Type—Parallel Channel Siderails with Heavy Duty Crossmembers.

FUEL SYSTEM: Carburettor—Dual Downdraught. Air Cleaner—Dry Type, Cellulose

Fibre Element. Fuel Pump and Filter—Diaphragm Type Driven from Camshaft. Fuel Tank—Chassis with Cab, 14.5 gal. Inside Cab. Fuel Filler—Tube Extension to Outside Cab.

LUBRICATION: Engine—Full Pressure Feed to all Main Crankpin and Camshaft Bearings. **Crankcase Capacity**—8 pts., plus 1 pt. for Dry Filter. **Chassis**—Fittings for Pressure Lubrication.

SHOCK ABSORBERS: Front and Rear—Direct, Double-acting, Permanently Sealed Telescopic. SPRINGS: Semi-elliptic-Alloy Steel. Length x Width—Front, 45 x 2 in. Rear, 52 x 2.25 in. STEERING: Type—Worm and Single-row Needle Bearing Roller. Ratio—18.2 to 1. Wheel—18 in. Diam., 3-spoke. Turning Radius 20.45 ft (right and left). Tie Rod—Ball Stud and Socket. Spring-loaded for Automatic

TRANSMISSION: Type—3-speed, Heavy Duty, All Helical, Synchronisers 2nd and High, with

Take-up of Wear, Equipped with Rubber Dust

Steering Column Gearshift Lever. **Gear Positions**—Ratio (to 1) First, 3.71; Second, 1.87; High, 1.00; Reverse, 4.59. **Lubricant Capacity**—4.5 pints.

WHEELS AND TYRES: Wheels—5—16 in. Steel Disc with 5.5 in Diam. Bolt Circle. Drop Centre Rims. Tyres—Standard Size. Front, Rear and Spare, 6.50 x 16 6-ply Truck Type; Tubeless optional.

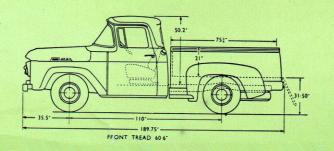
CHASSIS EQUIPMENT included as standard, in addition to items specified above:

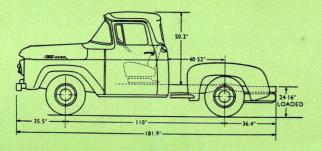
Hood, Cowl and Dash Assembly; Fenders, Front and Rear; Fully Controlled Ventilation System; Steel Toeboards; Instrument Panel; Speedometer; Water Temperature Gauge; Oil Pressure Warning Light; Fuel Gauge; Charge Indicator Warning Light; Ash Receptacle; Glove Box; Light Switch; Bright Hubcaps; Windshield Wipers (Electric); Electric Horn; Spare Tyre Carrier; Air Wing Ventilating Windows in Doors; Mirror, Rear View—outside on Cab

Ford Motor Company of Australia Pty. Ltd., whose policy is one of continuous improvement, reserves the right, subject to such regulations as may from time to time apply, to change specifications and prices at any time without notice or incurring liability to purchasers.

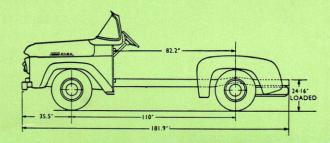
FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA PTY. LTD.

(Incorporated in Victoria) Registered Office: Geelong, Victoria

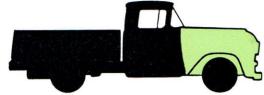


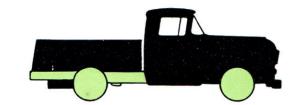


Shields.



FORD $\frac{O.H.V.}{V8}$ TRUCK DESIGN IS RIGHT FOR TODAY . . . AND FOR YEARS AHEAD! FORD'S DESIGN IS MODERN . . . THROUGH AND THROUGH!





Go-ahead POWER

Always out front for power, Ford again gives you more usable and cost saving overhead valve V8 power . . . the most efficient and hardest working power in trucking today. And, with high torque development for more "thrust" at the wheels, and deep Y-block low friction design, you get longer engine life and lower maintenance costs. Ford's O.H.V. V8 truck engine is your Big Economy Item No. 1!

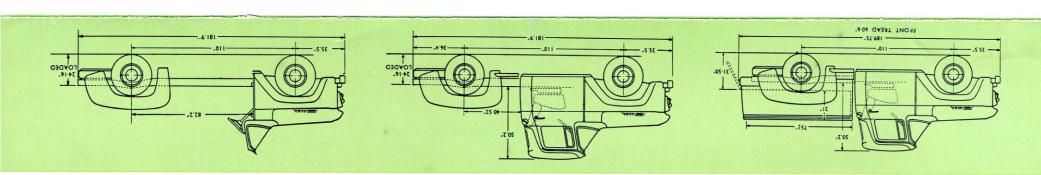
Go-ahead CAB DESIGN

Ford's big 3-man cab is the newest and most comfortable ever! And it's overall appearance puts it way out in front as a prestige builder for your business. Every feature has been scientifically tested to make driving operation the easiest and simplest in trucking. It's new design lessens driver fatigue, saves him time, and increases working capacity. And that's Big Economy

Go-ahead CHASSIS strength

Ford's ability to haul big pay loads comes from Ford's new, more rugged chassis design. Ton-mile hauling costs are cut to a minimum! You'll find the right load-carrying capacity in the Ford range to suit **exactly** your needs. And chassis design provides too for practical, low-cost installation of any standard or specialised body-type you may require. Profitable pay load capacity is Big Economy Item No. 3!

AND YOUR PROFITS KEEP GOING AHEAD . . . FOR FORD TRUCKS COST LESS . . . LESS TO OWN . . . LESS TO RUN . . . AND LAST LONGER TOO!



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in addition to items specified above:

Hood, Cowl and Dash Assembly; Fenders,
Front and Rear; Fully Controlled Ventilation
System; Steel Toeboards; Instrument Panel;
Speedometer; Water Temperature Gauge; Oil
Indicator Warning Light; Fuel Gauge; Charge
Indicator Warning Light; Rel Gauge; Charge
Indicator Warning Light; Bright Hubcaps;
Olove Box; Light Swirch; Bright Hubcaps;
Windshield Wipers (Electric); Electric Horn;
Spare Tyre Carrier; Air Wing Ventilating WinSpare Tyre Carrier; Air Wing Ventilating Win-

CHASSIS EQUIPMENT included as standard, in addition to items specified above:

WHEELS AND TYRES: Wheels—5-16 in. Steel Disc with 5.5 in Diam, Bolt Circle. Drop and Spare, 6.50 x 16 6-ply Truck Type; and Spare, 6.50 x 16 6-ply Truck Type; Tubeless optional.

Steering Column Gearshift Lever. **Gear Positions**—Ratio (to 1) First, 3.71; Second, 1.87; High, 1.00; Reverse, 4.59. **Lubricant Capacity**—4.5 pints.

Shields. **TRANSMISSION: Type**—3-speed, Heavy Duty, All Helical, Synchronisers 2nd and High, with

SHOCK ABSORBERS: Front and Rear—Direct, Double-acting, Permanently Sealed Telescopic.

SpRINGS: Semi-elliptic-Alloy Steel. Length x Width—Front, 45 x 2 in. Rear, 52 x 2.25 in.

STEERING: Type—Worm and Single-row Needle Bearing Roller. Ratio—18.2 to 1.

Wheel—18 in. Diam., 3-spoke. Turning Radius

\$\text{No.45}\$ ft (right and left). Tie Rod—Ball Stud and Socket, Spring-loaded for Automatic and Socket, Spring-loaded for Automatic and Socket, Spring-loaded for Automatic Take-up of Wear, Equipped with Rubber Dust Take-up of Wear, Equipped with Rubber Dust Take-up of Wear, Equipped with Rubber Dust

I ank—Chassis with Cab, 14.5 gal. Inside Cab.
Fuel Filler—Tube Extension to Outside Cab.
LUBRICATION: Engine—Full Pressure Feed to all Main Crankpin and Camshaft Bearings.
Crankcase Capacity—8 pts., plus 1 pt. for Dry Crankcase Capacity—8 pts., plus 1 pt. for Dry Filter. Chassis—Fittings for Pressure Lubrica-

Fibre Element. Fuel Pump and Filter—Diaphragm Type Driven from Camshaft. Fuel phragm Type Oriven from Camshaft Cab. 14.5 gal. Inside Cab.

FUEL SYSTEM: Carburettor—Dual Down-draught. Air Cleaner—Dry Type, Cellulose

FRAME: Type—Parallel Channel Siderails with Heavy Duty Crossmembers.

ENGINE: O.H.V. Y-block. No. of Cylinders, Bore and Stroke—8—3.62 × 3.30 in. Displacement—272 cu. in. Compression Ratio—

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DRIVE LINE: Type—Hotchkiss, Stroight-line Drive. Universal Joints—Number Two Type, Needle Roller Bearing.

COOLING SYSTEM: Total Capacity—21.6 qts. Radiator—Flot Tube and Fin-Pressure Cap. Thermostats—In Engine Water Outlet. Fan—Diameter, 18 in.; Blades, 4.

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Rear Wheels only.

BUMPER: Type—Curved, Truck-type Channel.

Mounting—Bolted Direct to Front Frame Siderails.

BRAKE, HAND: Cable with Equaliser applying

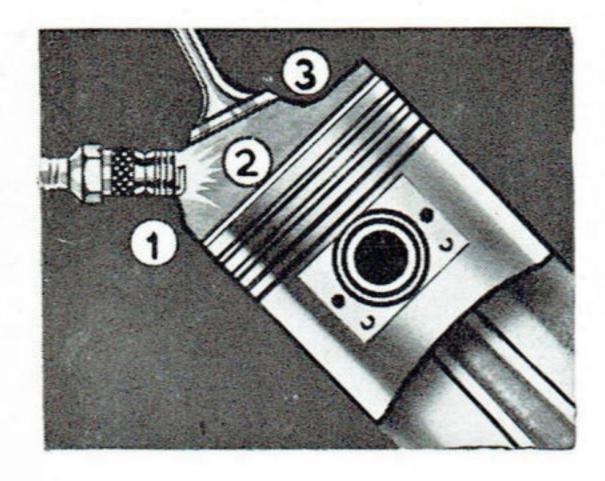
AXLE, FRONT: Type—Modified I-beam.
Material—Heat-treated Alloy Steel Forging.

AXLE, REAR: Type—Hypoid, Semi-floating.
Axle Shaft Diameter at Spline—1.24 in. Axle
Ratio—3.89 to 1.

ABRIDGED SPECIFICATIONS FOR FORD F 100 (G.V.W. 5,100 lbs.) TRUCK



Go-akead power with Ford's short stroke OHV V8 engine!



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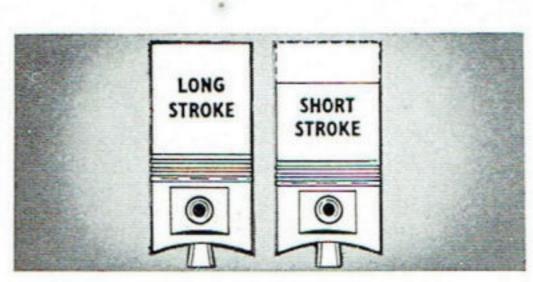
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3. EASY BREATHING with larger intake passage and new, improved high-turbulence combustion chambers provide full power at high speeds, added pep and performance through the full range of speeds.

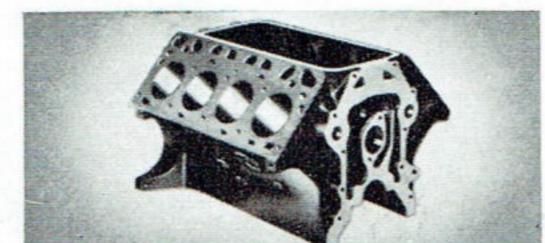
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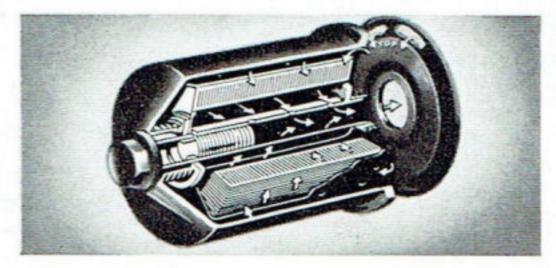
Other reasons why Ford's O.H.V. V8 engine gives you more power per pound are . . . 7.1:1 compression ratio suitable for both high and low octane fuels . . . 12-volt electrical system . . . short stroke piston design, iron-alloy camshaft . . . exceptionally rigid crankshaft . . . and many other advancements.



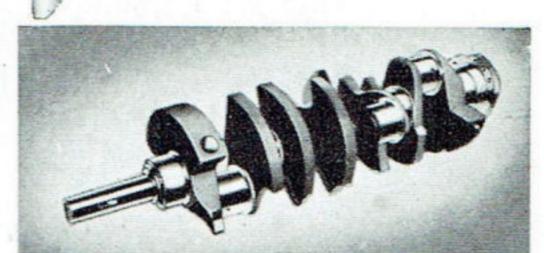
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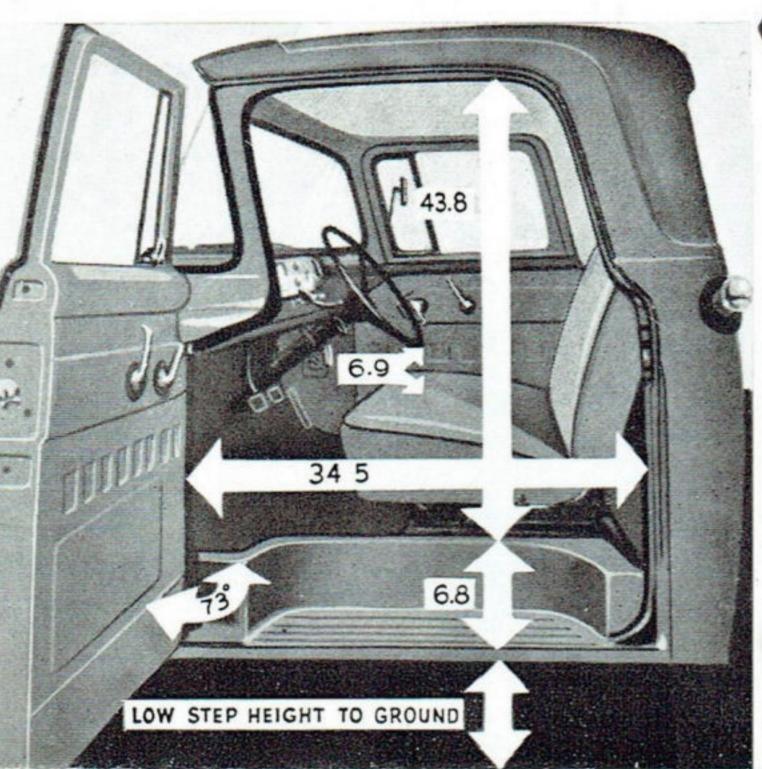


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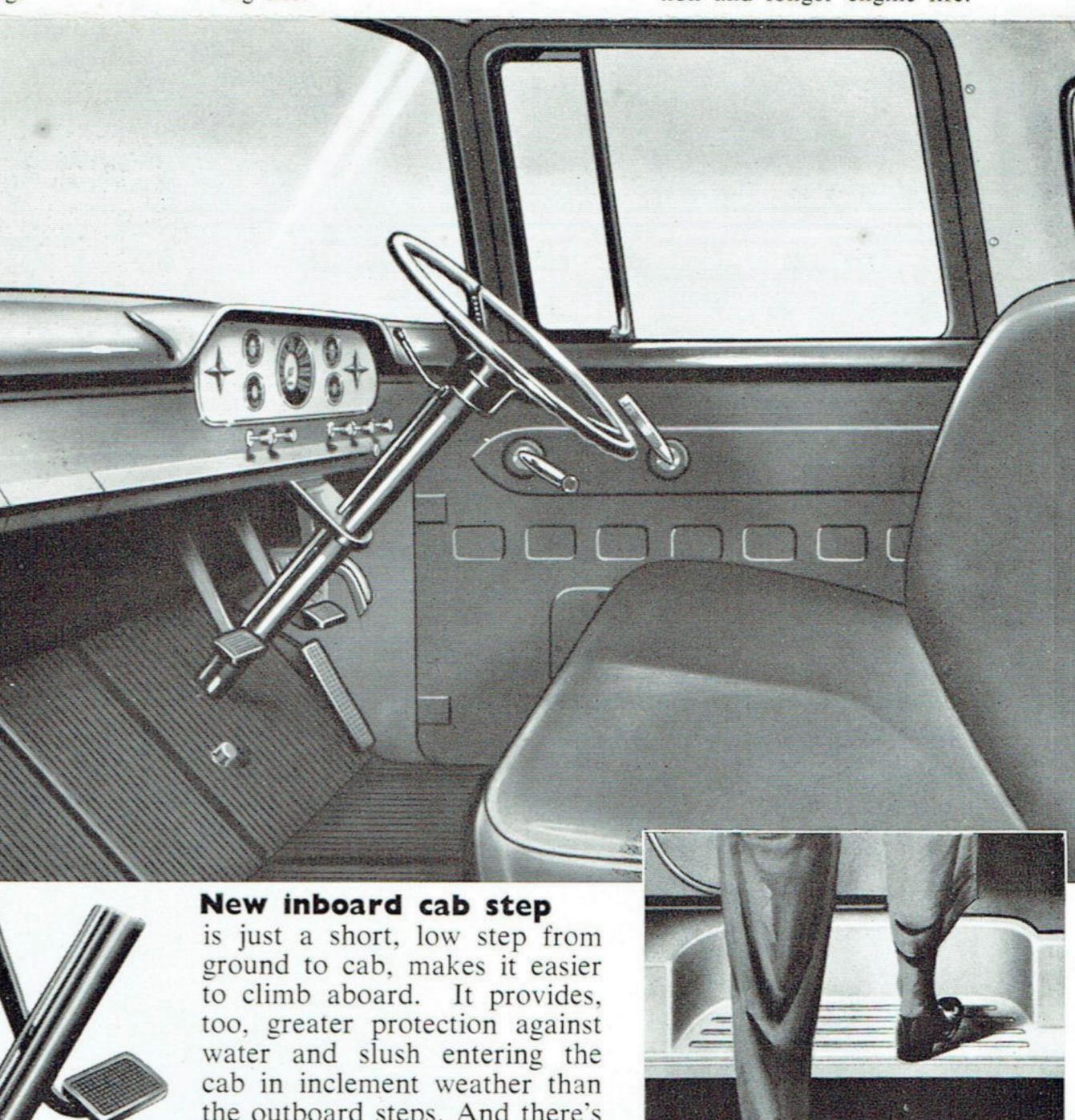
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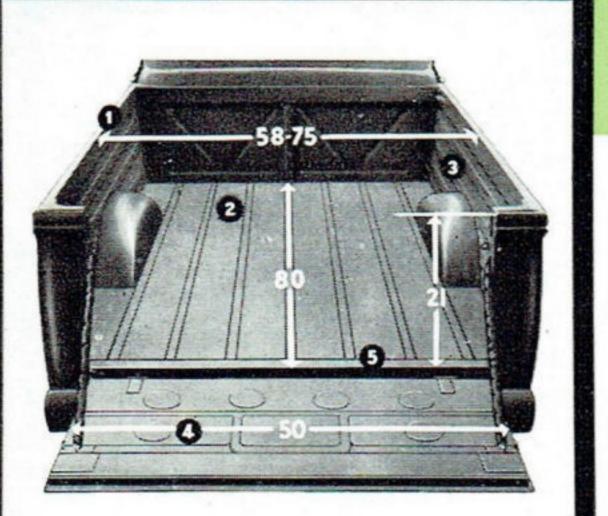
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cab in inclement weather than the outboard steps. And there's ample clearance between the seat and door post to swing your feet through.





Hardest working and most practical loadspace in its field . . .

- 1. All steel body framing and panelling throughout ensure uniform strength and maximum rigidity for longer life.
- 2. Seasoned hardwood floor, bolted in between 7 longitudinal skid strips of wear-resisting steel.
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